## RisCura South African Private Equity Performance Report.

March 2012

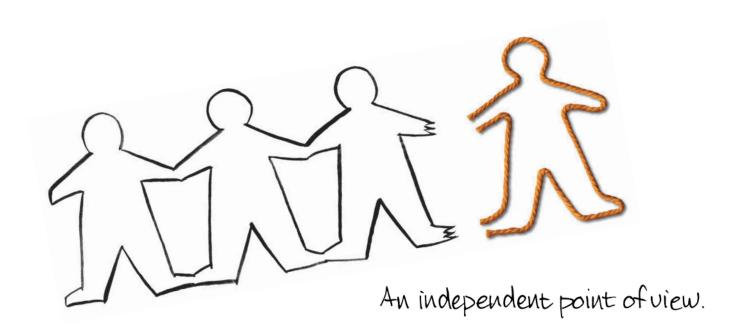




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## I Foreword

We are pleased to release the March 2012 edition of the SAVCA RisCura South African Private Equity Performance Report. This Report tracks the performance of a representative basket of South African private equity funds and is released quarterly on an ongoing basis. The purpose of the Report is to provide stakeholders in SA private equity with more transparency into historic returns, and a way to benchmark private equity funds' performances.

Please note that all private equity returns shown in the Report are net of all fees and expenses, and have been computed in South African Rands (ZAR) as well as US Dollars (USD).

We would like to thank all participants who make their data available to us to facilitate this Report. Particular thanks must also go to the SAVCA board for encouraging member participation.

We trust that the information contained in this and future reports will begin to provide the information that South African and international investors need to make investment decisions about private equity in South Africa.

Rory Ord Head of RisCura Fundamentals





## 2 Private equity in SouthAfrica

Private equity is a long-term asset class that differs in nature from most other assets, including listed equity. Typically, private equity fund investments show low correlation to quoted equity markets and are relatively illiquid, particularly in the early years. Private equity will normally show a drop in net asset value before showing any significant gains. This is often the effect of management fees and startup costs on the relatively small capital base of a new fund.

Private equity funds in South Africa typically follow a commitment and draw down model, which means that investors commit a certain total of capital at the start of a fund, but are only requested to transfer cash to the private equity manager as investments are identified or costs are incurred. These funds typically return capital during the course of the fund's life as investments are realised.

South African private equity offers institutional investors the opportunity to invest in an asset class that has historically outperformed listed equity. It does, however, have a different nature from quoted equity and it is crucial that an institutional investor considers the appropriateness of private equity to its particular objectives.



## 3 Methodology

#### Methods of measuring performance

The most widely accepted method for calculating returns of private equity funds is the annualised internal rate of return (IRR) achieved over a period of time. As a sense check to the IRR measure, we also use the Times Money performance measure. This Report measures performance in two ways: by 'since inception' and 'end-to-end' (over three, five and ten years).

#### **IRR** since inception

This is the most widely used IRR measure of private equity performance. It measures the return of PE funds based on all cash flows in and out of the fund, as well as the remaining net asset value of the fund. This, therefore, most closely reflects the return an investor would achieve if they invested at the start of the fund. This is the most likely scenario in South Africa where investors in private equity funds are locked in for the life of the fund, and must catch up initial fees when joining a fund after the initial investors.

#### End-to-end IRR

End-to-end IRRs allow the computation of the return of groups of private equity funds that do not necessarily have the same inception date. This calculation also allows a better comparison of private equity returns to those of other asset classes over similar periods.

While this method has advantages, it must be noted that it allows the returns of funds at different life cycle stages to be combined. Where the period selected contains more new funds than older funds, the return will likely include a higher balance of fees than a time period with more older funds.

The longer term IRRs are considered to be the most indicative of private equity performance across different stages of the economic cycle, and are considered to be the headline measures. Shorter term returns should be viewed with caution as private equity is a long-term investment. However, shorter period returns may be indicative of the general performance of private equity over this short period.

#### **Times Money**

Times Money is the ratio of total capital invested to total capital returned and remaining value. This is a useful cross-check of IRR measures, and is easily understandable. While IRR calculations are heavily dependent on the length of time that capital has been invested, Times Money does not take time into account. A Times Money in excess of I means that value has been created for the investor.

#### Public Market Equivalent (PME)

This measure seeks to equate the heavily timing dependent returns of private equity funds with the returns of public market indices. The measure is a ratio of the net outflows from PE funds re-invested into the public index to the end of the fund's life, divided by the inflows into a PE fund invested in the public index until the end of the fund's life. A ratio of above I reflects outperformance of private equity, while a ratio under I reflects underperformance.



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## Performance in South African Rands (ZAR)



## 4a Returns over different time periods (ZAR)

We regard the 10 year return as the headline measure of private equity returns. This is because of the long-term nature of private equity investment, and the locked-in nature of typical fund structures.

The lower returns over the 5 year period reflect the downturn in South African growth brought on by the global financial crisis. This has also effected the 10 year returns, but to a lesser extent than the shorter periods.

In the private equity context, I year returns are not a reliable measure of performance and have not been presented.

25% 20% 15% 18.2% 13.9% 13.9% 13.9% 10 year 5 year 3 year Pooled IRR

Pooled IRR by time period (ZAR)

		Times Money		
Time period	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
10 year	18.2%	0.85	0.74	1.58
5 year	13.9%	0.67	0.83	1.50
3 year	19.0%	0.61	0.86	1.47

#### Times Money by time period (ZAR)



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## 4b Returns by vintage year (ZAR)

Previous studies have shown fund vintage year to be an important determinant of private equity returns. Our findings are consistent with these studies and show a dramatic difference in returns by vintage grouping.

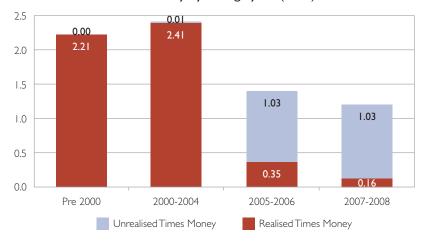
Funds starting in or after 2005 have been negatively impacted by the downturn in the economy. Particularly funds making investments in the 2007 – 2008 period have shown poor returns. Part of the reason for the current poor results of the most recent vintage grouping is that these funds are still in the "J-curve", where management fees play a significant part in determining fund returns and the investments made by these funds still need to be enhanced by the private equity fund manager.

40% 38.8% 34.6% 20% 10% Pre 2000 Pre 2000 2000-2004 2005-2006 2007-2008 Pooled IRR

Pooled IRR by vintage year (ZAR)

		Times Money		
Vintage Year	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
Pre 2000	38.8%	2.21	0.00	2.21
2000-2004	34.6%	2.41	0.01	2.42
2005-2006	9.8%	0.35	1.03	1.38
2007-2008	6.4%	0.16	1.03	1.19

#### Times Money by vintage year (ZAR)



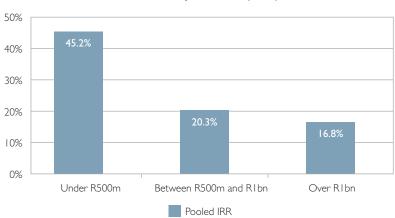
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## 4c Returns by fund size (ZAR)

The analysis shows that historically, smaller funds have performed very well. This strong performance may be due to smaller funds investing in the high growth mid-market sized companies that have performed well under generally good economic conditions.

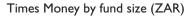
However, it is important to note that the larger funds were more likely to have been in existence more recently, and therefore be part of the poorer vintage year groupings. It is likely that vintage year is a bigger determinant of performance than size.



#### Pooled IRR by fund size (ZAR)

		Times Money		
Fund Size*	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
Under R500m	45.2%	1.80	0.54	2.35
Between R500m and R1bn	20.3%	0.91	0.87	1.78
Over R1bn	16.8%	0.85	0.70	1.54

\* Fund size is reflected as committed capital in South African Rands.





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## 4d Returns compared to listed equity (ZAR)

IRR returns have been compared to CAGRs of listed indices on a direct basis, and on the more comparable Public Market Equivalent (PME) basis.

Private equity returns compare favourably to the returns of the FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE). Private Equity outperforms the ALSI Total Return Index (ALSI TRI), as well the FTSE/ISE Financial and Industrial Index (FINDITRI) over the 10 and 5 year period and the FTSE/JSE Shareholder Weighted Total Return Index (SWIX TRI) over the 5 year period. Private equity has underperformed listed equity slightly over the last 3 years during a time of great market volatility.

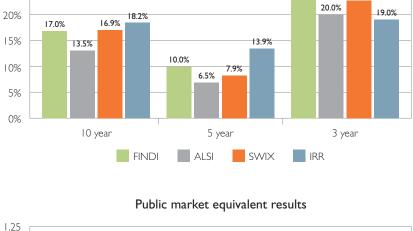
	CAGR			
Year	Pooled IRR	ALSI TRI*	FINDI TRI*	SWIX TRI*
10 year	18.2%	13.5%	17.0%	16.9%
5 year	13.9%	6.5%	10.0%	7.9%
3 year	19.0%	20.0%	28.2%	22.6%

	Public Market Equivalent**			
Year Period	PME FINDI	PME ALSI	PME SWIX	
10 year	1.13	1.20	1.15	
5 year	1.10	1.21	1.18	
3 year	0.86	0.97	0.95	

\* Listed index returns are before fees

\*\* Listed indices used in the computations are total return indices before fees

30% 28.2% 25% 22.6% 20.0% 19.0% 20% 18.2% 16.9% 17.0% 15% 13.9% 13.5% 10.0% 10% 7.9% 6.5% 5% 0% 10 year 5 year 3 year



1.21

5 year

ALSI

1.10

FINDI

1.18

1.20

10 year

1.13

1.15

1.20

1.15

1.10 1.05 1.00

1.95

0.90

0.85

#### Pooled IRR compared to listed indices (ZAR)



0.97

3 year

0.86

SWIX

0.95

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# Performance in US Dollars (USD)

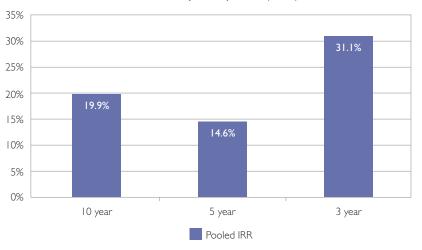


## 5a Returns over different time periods (USD)

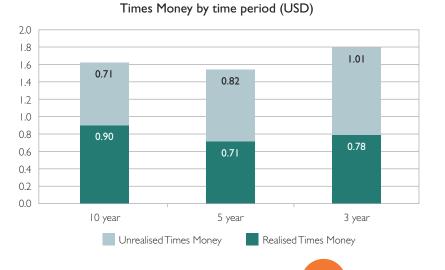
We regard the 10 year return as the headline measure of private equity returns. This is because of the long-term nature of private equity investment, and the locked-in nature of typical fund structures.

Returns over the 3 year period have been bolstered by the strong performance of the ZAR versus the USD. The ZAR appreciated by approximately 20% from 2009-2012 versus the USD.

In the private equity context, I year returns are not a reliable measure of performance and have not been presented.



#### Pooled IRR by time period (USD)



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		Times Money		
Time period	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
10 year	19.9%	0.90	0.71	1.62
5 year	14.6%	0.71	0.82	1.54
3 year	31.1%	0.78	1.01	1.80

#### 10

## 5b Returns by vintage year (USD)

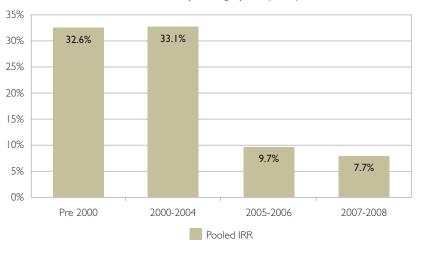
Previous studies have shown fund vintage year to be an important determinant of private equity returns. Our findings are consistent with these studies, and show a dramatic difference in returns by vintage grouping.

At 33.1%, the 2000 to 2004 vintage year grouping was the best of the vintage groups surveyed. This time period matches a period of strong growth in the South African economy, as well as strong growth on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange.

Funds starting in or after 2005 have been negatively impacted by the downturn in the economy. Particularly funds making investments in the 2007 – 2008 period have shown poor returns. Part of the reason for the current poor results of the most recent vintage grouping is that these funds are still in the "J-curve", where management fees play a significant part in determining fund returns and the investments made by these funds still need to be enhanced by the private equity fund manager.

		Times Money		
Vintage Year	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
Pre 2000	32.6%	1.81	0.00	1.81
2000-2004	33.1%	2.31	0.01	2.32
2005-2006	9.7%	0.36	1.02	1.38
2007-2008	7.7%	0.17	1.06	1.23

Pooled IRR by vintage year (USD)





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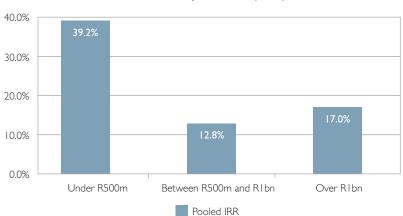
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#### Times Money by vintage year (USD)

## 5c Returns by fund size (USD)

The analysis shows that historically, smaller funds have performed very well. This strong performance may be due to smaller funds investing in the high growth mid-market sized companies that have performed well under generally good economic conditions.

However, it is important to note that the larger funds were more likely to have been in existence more recently, and therefore be part of the poorer vintage year groupings. It is likely that vintage year is a bigger determinant of performance than size.



Pooled IRR by fund size (USD)

		Times Money		
Fund Size*	Pooled IRR	Realised	Unrealised	Total
Under R500m	39.2%	1.82	0.41	2.22
Between R500m and R1bn	12.8%	0.86	0.73	1.59
Over R1bn	17.0%	0.89	0.67	1.56

\* Fund size is reflected as committed capital in South African Rands.

#### Times Money by fund size (USD)





## 6 How to use this Report

#### Users of this Report may find the following information useful:

- Returns of cash flow and portfolio value data from private equity managers are the primary source for information included in this Report.
- The IRR performance calculation solves for the discount rate that makes the Net Present Value of a set of cash flows equal to zero. The calculation is based on cash-on-cash returns over equal periods, modified for the residual value of the fund's equity (NAV). The residual value attributed to each respective group being measured is incorporated at its ending value.
- The database accounts for cash flows on a daily basis wherever possible otherwise a monthly basis, and NAVs on a quarterly basis.
- The End-to-End performance calculation is similar to the since inception IRR, however, it is measuring the return between two points in time. The calculation takes into account the opening NAV, the in-period cash flows and the closing NAV. Returns are then annualised for comparability.
- The pool of funds has been split into subsets where this would enhance the user's understanding of returns. However, this has been balanced with confidentiality considerations, and no such subsets include fewer than 4 funds.
- Most funds included in this Report have unrealised investments, and therefore rely on the valuation of these investments to determine returns. All participating fund managers are members of SAVCA and apply the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines to determine these valuations. RisCura has not verified that these Guidelines have been adhered to.
- Only South African Rand denominated funds have been included in this Report, and therefore none of the returns included are affected by exchange rate movements. Returns in USD have been presented for comparability with other markets.

## 7 Definitions

**CAGR** is the cumulative annual growth rate.

**Committed capital** is the value of dedicated investment funds pledged by the investors of a private equity fund and available for investment. This is a proxy for the size of the fund.

Fund Size is determined by the committed capital of a fund.

**IRRs** are money-weighted returns that should be compared to time-weighted returns with caution. Time-weighted returns are used to measure returns in most asset classes where frequent valuations are available.

**PME** Public Market Equivalent is a measure that determines whether private equity returns have exceeded or underperformed a public market. A PME score of more than one indicates outperformance of private equity.

**Pooled IRR** aggregates or "pools" all cash flows and ending NAVs to calculate a money-weighted return.

**Realised Times Money** is the multiple of cash returned to investors divided by total cash invested.

Total Times Money is the sum of the Realised and Unrealised Times Money.

**Unrealised Times Money** is the multiple of the carrying value of portfolio investments not yet returned to investors divided by total cash invested.

**Vintage Year** is defined as the year in which a fund first draws down capital from its investors.



## 8 About RisCura Fundamentals

RisCura Fundamentals is the leading provider of independent valuation, risk and performance analysis services to investors in unlisted instruments in Africa. We work in partnership with our clients to deliver the transparency and accountability that is increasingly demanded by investors and auditors. Our clients include private equity funds, pension funds, credit funds, banks and other investors in Africa, and cover industries as diverse as agriculture, retail, manufacturing and the extractive industries.

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RisCura is a global, independent financial analytics provider and investment consultant. RisCura services institutional investors with over \$200billion in assets under management, as well as a significant number of asset management, hedge fund and private equity firms. RisCura is a leading provider of independent valuation, risk and performance analysis services to investors.

#### For more information about RisCura visit, www.riscura.com



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